CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 2802 Washington Street Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Canton Independent School District Name of School District Van Zandt County

234-902 Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditor's report of the above named school district was reviewed and _____ approved/ _____ disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2016, at a

meeting of the board of school trustees of such school district on ______.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attach list if necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Independent School District as of August 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note Q to the financial statements, in 2016 the District adopted various accounting pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 14, 2016 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Canyony PL

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Internal Control - Continued

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 14, 2016 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Congany PL



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Canton Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and

report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 14, 2016 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Conganger

Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements –	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified Opinion
Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material Weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted	None
Federal Awards –	
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None None reported
Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance Identification of major programs	No Special Education Cluster:
	IDEA-B Formula (84.027) IDEA-B Preschool (84.173)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 750,000
Entity qualified as a low risk auditee	Yes
Pass-through Entity	Texas Education Agency

Financial Statement Findings (Section II)

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (Section III)

Prior Year Findings (Section IV)

Corrective Action Plans (Section V)

This section of Canton Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$ 12,594,078 at August 31, 2016.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 1,430,075 less than the \$ 21,933,009 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs was increased about 3.90% from last year, and no new programs were
 added this year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 9,681,187.
- The District issued refunding bonds during the year to reduce long term interest costs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

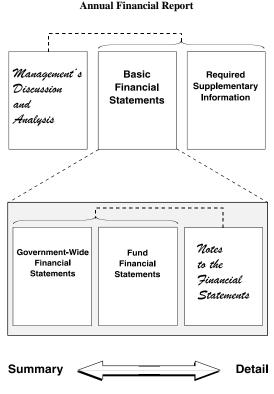


Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fund Statements Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
	• Statement of net assets	Balance sheet	• Statement of net assets	• Statement of fiduciary net assets
Required financial statements	 Statement of activities 	• Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	 Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus
on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the
balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements
provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial
resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information
does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide
additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position were \$ 12,594,078 at August 31, 2016.

Canton Independent	Schoo	ol District's Ne	et P	osition	Table A-1
					Total
		Governr	ment	al	Percentage
		Activi	ties		Change
		2016		2015	2015-2016
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	10,143,801	\$	10,860,262	-6.60%
Other Assets		1,476,322		1,179,053	25.21%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation		38,580,515		39,470,011	-2.25%
Total Assets	\$	50,200,638	\$	51,509,326	-2.54%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,797,058	\$	2,475,770	53.37%
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	\$	919,363	\$	658,258	39.67%
Long-term Liabilities	Ψ	40,256,087	Ψ	42,180,709	-4.56%
Total Liabilities	\$	41,175,450	\$	42,838,967	-3.88%
		11,110,100	Ψ	12,000,001	0.0070
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	228,168	\$	362,175	-37.00%
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,867,903	\$	1,609,813	140.27%
Restricted	Ψ	531.417	Ψ	1,676,762	-68.31%
Unrestricted		8,194,758		7,497,379	9.30%
Total Net Position	\$	12,594,078	\$	10,783,954	16.79%
		12,004,010	<u> </u>	10,700,004	10.1070

Approximately \$ 431,365 of the District's restricted net position represent funds available for debt retirement. These funds are restricted for retirement of tax supported debt. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

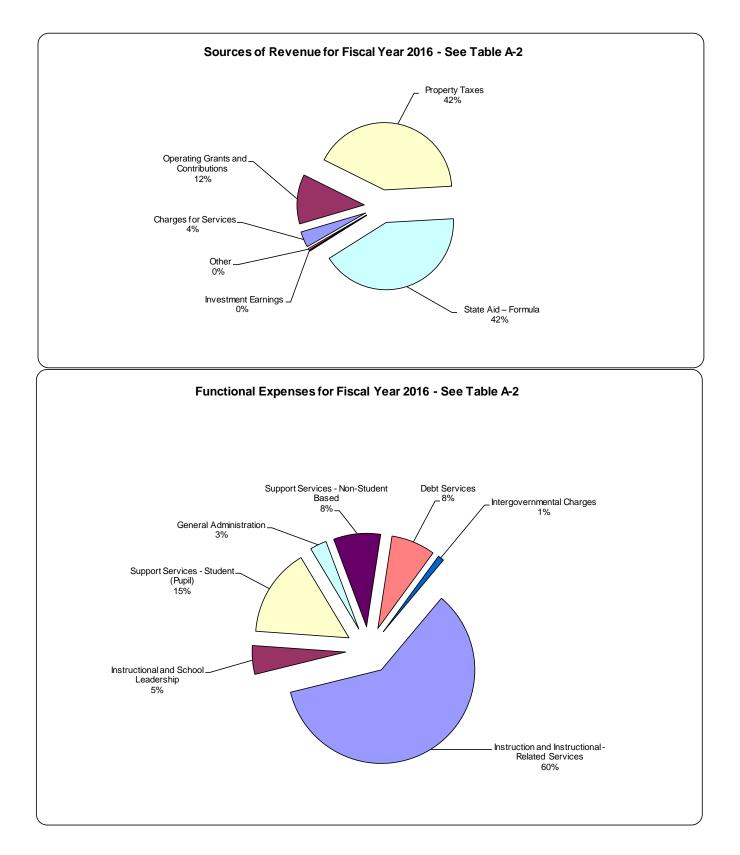
The District's total revenues were \$ 21,933,009. 42% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 54% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 4% relates to charges for services and other revenue sources, including investment income.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 20,502,934. 60% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related services.

The District's tax collection percentage rate (current and delinquent base tax only) was 98.97%. The total collection percentage rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 100.08%.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		NI- 4	Desitien	Table A-2
Changes in Canton Independent S	School District's	Net	Position	Total
	Gover	nmer	ntal	Percentage
		vities		Change
	2016	milet	2015	2015-2016
			2010	2010 2010
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 830,302	\$	782,124	6.16%
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,607,024		2,162,081	20.58%
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes	9,162,957		9,278,377	-1.24%
State Aid – Formula	9,198,437		8,276,337	11.14%
Investment Earnings	48,737		56,623	-13.93%
Other	85,552		5,875	1356.20%
Total Revenues	\$ 21,933,009	\$	20,561,417	6.67%
Expenses:	¢ 44 000 000	•	44 400 000	7 770/
Instruction	\$ 11,990,622		11,126,623	7.77%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	260,062		244,777	6.24%
Curriculum and Staff Development	60,364		51,893	16.32%
Instructional Leadership	149,741		132,632	12.90%
School Leadership	869,006		793,206	9.56%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	519,015		482,013	7.68%
Health Services	151,483		114,693	32.08%
Social Work Services	26,492		22,823	16.08%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	386,774		371,661	4.07%
Food Services	763,054		657,608	16.03%
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,287,274		1,178,834	9.20%
General Administration	590,844		548,169	7.79%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,441,181		1,443,536	-0.16%
Security and Monitoring Services	32,823		33,011	-0.57%
Data Processing Services	193,005		193,035	-0.02%
Debt Service	1,562,609		2,057,924	-24.07%
Capital Outlay			73,350	-100.00%
Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	5,800		-	100.00%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	212,785		206,916	2.84%
Total Expenses	\$ 20,502,934	\$	19,732,704	3.90%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,				
Uses and Transfers	\$ 1,430,075	\$	828,713	-72.57%
Net Special Items			219,359	-100.00%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 1,430,075	\$	1,048,072	-36.45%
Net Position - Beginning (September 1)	\$ 10,783,954	\$	11,077,309	-2.65%
Prior Period Adjustment	380,049		(1,341,427)	-128.33%
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 11,164,003		9,735,882	14.67%
Net Position - Ending (August 31)	\$ 12,594,078		10,783,954	16.79%
	ψ 12,007,070	Ψ	10,100,004	10.7370



- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 20,502,934.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$9,162,957.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$ 830,302, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 2,607,024.

Canton Independent School District's Net Cost of Selected District Functions										
	Total Cost of	of Services	%	fServices	%					
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change				
Instruction	\$11,990,622	\$11,126,623	7.77%	\$10,214,892	\$ 9,771,372	4.54%				
School Leadership	869,006	793,206	9.56%	826,570	756,572	9.25%				
General Administration	590,844	548,169	7.79%	570,590	518,834	9.98%				
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,441,181	1,443,536	-0.16%	1,416,875	1,367,391	3.62%				
Debt Service	1,562,609	2,057,924	-24.07%	1,245,736	1,700,482	-26.74%				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues in the governmental funds totaled \$ 21,477,352. This represents an increase of \$ 923,478 from the prior year revenues of \$ 20,553,874. The change represents an increase in local revenues and state aid.

Expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$ 22,201,328. This represents an increase of \$ 2,146,252 from the prior year expenditures of \$ 20,055,076. The change represents the general increase of costs related to the operations of the District including general cost of living and other operational costs as well as increased capital outlay for District improvements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 2,096,022 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from lower than expected expenses in the functional area of capital outlay.

Resources available were \$ 771,925 above final budgeted amounts. The favorable variance was a reflection of better than expected state aid for increased enrollment and attendance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2016, the District had invested \$ 64,344,328 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Canton Indepen	dent Schoo	l District's Ca	pit	al Assets	Table A-4
					Total
		Govern	mei	ntal	Percentage
		Activ	itie	S	Change
		2016		2015	2015-2016
Land	\$	614,097	\$	545,657	12.54%
Construction in Progress		174,740		-	100.00%
Buildings and Improvements		60,763,042		59,689,021	1.80%
Equipment		714,186		696,296	2.57%
Vehicles		2,078,263		2,008,976	3.45%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	64,344,328	\$	62,939,950	2.23%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(25,763,813)		(23,469,939)	9.77%
Net Capital Assets	\$	38,580,515	\$	39,470,011	-2.25%

DEBT

At year-end, the District had \$ 37,189,060 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Canton Independent School District's Debt									
	Activitie	Governmental Activities							
	2016	2015	2015-2016						
Bonds Payable Other Debt Payable	\$ 32,739,152 \$ 4,449,908	35,783,051 5,213,703	-8.51% -14.65%						
Total Debt Payable	\$ 37,189,060 \$	\$ 40,996,754	-9.29%						

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's property valuation has stabilized and increased due to new housing development and commercial investment. Local property tax rates are restricted by state statute, without local elections, to \$ 1.04 for maintenance and operations. The state funding formula was changed in prior years to provide state funds to replace the lost local property tax revenue. This change in funding and other legislative changes could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be relatively slow, as indicated by economic studies of the area. Housing traditionally has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These stable economic conditions allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2015-2017 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. With these increases in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

A challenge to the State's funding system resulted in the system being held constitutional. Future legislative sessions could produce minor changes to funding for student populations. The legal process ended the challenges by the various interested parties including the State. State funding will continue under the present system until legislative changes occur.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Denise Stone, Business Manager for the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Data			I
Data Control		G	overnmental
Codes		0	Activities
00063	_		Activities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	10,143,801
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		438,527
1240	Due from Other Governments		901,880
1250	Accrued Interest		3,580
1290	Other Receivables, Net		61,112
1410	Unrealized Expenses		71,223
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		614,097
1520	Building and Improvement, Net		36,947,811
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		843,867
1580	Construction in Progress		174,740
1000	Total Assets	\$	50,200,638
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions	\$	1,797,620
1701	Deferred Outflows - Refunding		1,999,438
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,797,058
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	70,251
2140	Interest Payable	Ŷ	50,175
2165	Accrued Liabilities		745,868
2177	Due to Fiduciary		1,136
2300	Unearned Revenues		51,933
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		,
2501	Due within one year		783,503
2502	Due in more than one year		36,405,557
2540	Net Pension Liability		3,067,027
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	41,175,450
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	¢	220 160
2005 2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$</u> \$	228,168 228,168
2000	Total Deletted millows of Resources	_ψ	220,100
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,867,903
	Restricted For:		
3820	State and Federal Programs		41,747
3850	Debt Service		431,365
3890	Other Purposes		58,305
3900	Unrestricted		8,194,758
3000	Total Net Position	\$	12,594,078

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

\$ 12,594,078

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

			1		3		4		
					Program	Poven	105	R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net
Dete					Program				Assets
Data							Operating	~	
Contro			_		arges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	s Functions/Programs		Expenses	S	ervices	Co	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	11,990,622	\$	238,444	\$	1,537,286	\$	(10,214,892)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	φ	260,022	φ	230,444	φ	12,191	φ	(10,214,892) (247,871)
12	Curriculum and Staff Development		60,364		-		3,830		(56,534)
21	Instructional Leadership		149,741		-		3,830 7,529		(142,212)
21	School Leadership		869,006		-		42,436		(142,212) (826,570)
23 31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		519,000		-		42,430 75,018		(443,997)
	Social Work Services		-		-				
32			26,492		-		1,607		(24,885)
33	Health Services		151,483		-		6,495		(144,988)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		386,774		-		13,794		(372,980)
35	Food Services		763,054		242,079		498,267		(22,708)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,287,274		341,892		41,351		(904,031)
41	General Administration		590,844		-		20,254		(570,590)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,441,181		7,887		16,419		(1,416,875)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		32,823		-		1,607		(31,216)
53	Data Processing Services		193,005		-		6,268		(186,737)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,558,474		-		316,873		(1,241,601)
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		4,135		-		-		(4,135)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	5	5,800		-		5,799		(1)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		212,785		-		-		(212,785)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	20,502,934	\$	830,302	\$	2,607,024	\$	(17,065,608)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	20,502,934	\$	830,302	\$	2,607,024	\$	(17,065,608)
				+		<u> </u>	_,,	<u> </u>	(,,
		Ger	neral Revenues:						
MT		Pr	operty Taxes, L	evied fo	r General Pu	rpose		\$	6,481,961
DT		Pr	operty Taxes, L	evied fo	r Debt Servic	е			2,680,996
IE		Inv	vestment Earnir	ngs					48,737
GC		Gı	rants and Contri	butions	Not Restricte	ed to Sp	ecific Programs		9,198,437
MI		Mi	iscellaneous						85,552
TR		Total General Revenues							18,495,683
CN		Change in Net Position							
NB			Position - Begi		September 1)			<u>\$</u> \$	1,430,075 10,783,954
PA			or Period Adjust	•	. ,				380,049
		Net	Position - Begi	nning, a	s Restated			\$	11,164,003

NE

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position - Ending (August 31)

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data			10		50 Debt		Other		98 Total
Control			General		Service	Go	vernmental	G	overnmenta
Codes	_		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	9,514,960	\$	345,163	\$	283,678	\$	10,143,80
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	Φ	9,314,960 311,229	φ	127,298	φ	203,070	φ	438,52
1240	Due from Other Governments		801,565		127,230		100,315		901,88
1240	Accrued Interest		3,580		-		100,313		3,58
1290	Other Receivables, Net		44,432		16,680				61,11
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		70,623		-		600		71,22
1110			10,020					\$	11,22
1000	Total Assets	\$	10,746,389	\$	489,141	\$	384,593	\$	11,620,12
	LIABILITIES								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	30,474	\$	-	\$	39,777	\$	70,25
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		793		-		-		79
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		695,657		-		33,620		729,27
2170	Due to Other Funds		1,136		-		-		1,13
2200	Accrued Expenditures		12,785		-		3,013		15,79
2300	Unearned Revenues		13,128		7,600		31,205		51,93
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	753,973	\$	7,600	\$	107,615	\$	869,18
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	311,229	\$	127,298	\$	-	\$	438,52
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3430	Prepaid Items	\$	70,623	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,62
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants		-		-		41,747		41,74
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		354,243		-		354,24
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance Committed Fund Balances:		-		-		41,899		41,89
3510	Construction		2,500,000		-		-		2,500,00
3520	Claims and Judgements		150,000		-		-		150,00
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		300,000		-		-		300,00
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balances:		300,000		-		193,332		493,33
3550	Construction		2,725,000		-		-		2,725,00
3550 3570	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		350,000		-		-		350,00
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		100,000		-		-		100,00
3600	Unassigned		3,185,564						3,185,50
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	9,681,187	\$	354,243	\$	276,978	\$	10,312,40
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	10,312,408
of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	38,580,515
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	438,527
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(32,739,152)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(50,175)
Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	134,690
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	1,999,438
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(3,067,027)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to TRS are not reported in the funds.	(228,168)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to TRS are not reported in the funds.	1,797,620
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(2,476,449)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(2,108,149)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 12,594,078

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

		10	50		98
Data			Debt	Other	Total
Control		General	Service	Governmental	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
	-				
	REVENUES				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 6,637,161	\$ 2,671,657	\$ 562,186	\$ 9,871,004
5800	State Program Revenues	9,873,867	316,873	88,375	10,279,115
5900	Federal Program Revenues	209,750	-	1,117,483	1,327,233
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 16,720,778	\$ 2,988,530	\$ 1,768,044	\$ 21,477,352
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	\$ 8,965,748	\$-	\$ 665,533	\$ 9,631,281
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	230,175	-	-	230,175
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	55,118	-	2,950	58,068
0021	Instructional Leadership	142,404	-	-	142,404
0023	School Leadership	801,688	-	-	801,688
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	423,789	-	52,275	476,064
0032	Social Work Services	25,255	-	-	25,255
0033	Health Services	137,111	-	-	137,111
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	338,490	-	-	338,490
0035	Food Services	-	-	750,688	750,688
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	851,024	-	239,770	1,090,794
0041	General Administration	539,177	-	536	539,713
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,652,974	-	-	1,652,974
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	29,913	-	-	29,913
0053	Data Processing Services	188,203	-	-	188,203
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	-	3,043,899	-	3,043,899
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	-	1,815,119	-	1,815,119
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	-	4,135	-	4,135
0081	Capital Outlay	1,026,769	-	-	1,026,769
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	-	-	5,800	5,800
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	212,785			212,785
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 15,620,623	\$ 4,863,153	\$ 1,717,552	\$ 22,201,328
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 1,100,155	\$ (1,874,623)	\$ 50,492	\$ (723,976)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$ 419	\$-	\$-	\$ 419
7915	Transfers In	-	700,000	-	700,000
8911	Transfers Out	(700,000)	-		(700,000)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (699,581)	\$ 700,000	\$ -	\$ 419
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 400,574	\$ (1,174,623)	\$ 50,492	\$ (723,557)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (September 1)	9,280,614	1,528,865	226,486	11,035,965
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (August 31)	\$ 9,681,188	\$ 354,242	\$ 276,978	\$ 10,312,408

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (723,557)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	1,395,194
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,344,390)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	419
All proceeds from the sale of capital asses are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(419)
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	59,700
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	38,991
Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	356,547
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	3,321
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	3,043,899
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	249,055
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of period to end of period.	4,269
Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	256,916
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended and reduced NPO.	14,920
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.	74,481
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	 (999,271)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 1,430,075

Exhibit E-1

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes	_		Agency Fund Student Agency		
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	141,748		
1260	Due from Other Funds		1,136		
1000	Total Assets	\$	142,884		
	LIABILITIES				
	Current Liabilities:				
2190	Due to Student Groups	\$	142,884		
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	142,884		
	NET POSITION				
3850	Held in Trust	\$			
3000	Total Net Position	<u></u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The basic financial statements of the Canton Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of federal long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. These include private-purpose trust and agency funds. Private-purpose trust funds account for resources, including both principal and earnings, which must be expended according to the provision of a trust agreement, and are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are purely custodial and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The District has chosen not to apply future FASB Standards.

3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. End-ofyear outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -0-
Special Revenue Fund	-0-
Debt Service Fund	-0-
Capital Projects Fund	 -0-
Total	\$ -0-

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

5. Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be investments if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Fund Equity

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The District adopted a 20% of annual operating budget expenditures as it's minimum general fund unassigned fund balance to ensure sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address emergencies.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

						Other			
	General		De	Debt Service		Governmental		Total	
Nonspendable									
Prepaid Items	\$	70,623	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,623	
Restricted									
Child Nutrition Program		-		-		41,747		41,747	
Retirement of Long Term Debt		-		354,243		-		354,243	
Scholarship Funds		-		-		28,054		28,054	
Other Restricted Balances		-		-		13,845		13,845	
Committed									
Construction		2,500,000		-		-		2,500,000	
Claims and Judgements		150,000		-		-		150,000	
Capital Expenditures for Equipment		300,000		-		-		300,000	
Campus Activity Funds		-		-		176,924		176,924	
Other		300,000		-		16,408		316,408	
Assigned									
Construction		2,725,000		-		-		2,725,000	
Captal Expenditures for Equipment		350,000		-		-		350,000	
Other		100,000		-		-		100,000	
Unassigned		3,185,564		-		-		3,185,564	
otals	\$	9,681,187	\$	354,243	\$	276,978	\$	10,312,408	

Inventories

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment and food products. Under this method supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

Accretion

Accretion is an adjustment of the difference between the price of a bond issued at an original discount and the par value of the bond. For governmental activities debt, the accreted value is recognized as it accrues by fiscal year.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources. To the extent practical, this change in accounting principle is required to be reported as an adjustment to prior periods.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior period adjustment.

7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

9. Vacation, Sick Leave and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave does not vest but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is paid.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

12. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

13. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments</u>

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At year end, it appears all District cash deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the name of the District. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the fiscal year.

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to have been in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act.

State statutes and local policy authorize the District to invest in the following types of investment goods:

- a. obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities,
- b. obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies,
- c. obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or State of Texas or their agencies or instrumentalities,
- d. obligations of other states, agencies or political subdivisions having a national investment rating of "A" or greater,
- e. guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by a bank domiciled in the State of Texas, or
- f. fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

District investments include deposits in Texpool, LOGIC, certificates of deposit and Lone Star Investment Pool. All Texpool, Lone Star, certificates of deposit and LOGIC investments are reported at their share price (fair value) and are presented as cash and investments.

Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools and permit eligible governmental entities to jointly invest their funds in authorized investments.

The Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, (Trust Company), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. (Federated), under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company.

The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided to TexPool by Federated. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy and approves any fee increases. As required by the Public Funds Investment Act, the Advisory Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

The fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's. This rating, as well as the operational policies and procedures, allow the fund to comply with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

The *Lone Star Investment Pool* is an investment pool available to governmental entities. The pool was established under the guidance of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. A board of directors, made up of members of the pool, is responsible for the overall operation of the pool. The Board has employed various third party organizations to assist in the operations. These third parties are as follows: American Beacon Advisors and BNY Mellon Cash Investment Strategies – Investment Managers, RBC Wealth Management – Investment Consultant, Bank of New York Mellon – Custodian, First Public – Administration. In combination with these third party organizations, the pool has received a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. This rating allows the pool to meet the standards required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) was organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Public Funds Investment Act allows eligible local governments, state agencies and nonprofit corporations of the State of Texas to jointly invest their funds in permitted investments.

The Cooperative's governing body is a six-member Board of Directors (Board) comprised of employees, officers or elected officials of participant Government Entities or individuals who do not have a business relationship with LOGIC and are qualified to advise it. A maximum of two advisory board members represent the Co-Administrators of LOGIC.

Day to day administration of LOGIC will be performed by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Investment Management, Inc. First Southwest will provide administrative, participant support and marketing services. JPMorgan Chase will provide investment management, custody, fund accounting and transfer agency services.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

Portfolios will maintain a AAA or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency in compliance with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. Class A Units of LOGIC I are currently rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The following table identifies the District's investment at year end:

	Credit Rating	Fair Value
TexPool	AAAm	\$ 136,751
Lone Star Investment Pool	AAAm	4,984,136
LOGIC	AAAm	2,150,750
Certificate of Deposit	n/a	1,000,000
Total		\$ 8,271,637

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined cash balances on the date of highest balance:

- a. Name of bank: American National Bank of Texas, Canton, Texas.
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$ 8,157,093.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balances amounted to \$7,785,322, and occurred during the month of December 2015.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 500,000.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

C. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting this criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 1.04 to fund general operations and \$ 0.431 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 619,753,886.

D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activities during the year ended were as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land Total Construction in Progress	\$	545,657 -	\$	68,440 174,740	\$	-	\$	614,097 174,740
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$	545,657	\$	243,180	\$	-	\$	788,837
Capital Assets being Depreciated: Building and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	59,689,021 696,296 2,008,976	\$	1,074,021 17,890 119,803	\$	- - 50,516	\$	60,763,042 714,186 2,078,263
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$	62,394,293	\$	1,211,714	\$	50,516	\$	63,555,491
Less Accumulated Depreciation for : Buildings and Improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	21,667,664 496,857 1,305,418	\$	2,147,567 58,900 137,923	\$	- - 50,516	\$	23,815,231 555,757 1,392,825
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	\$ \$	23,469,939 38,924,354	\$ \$	2,344,390 (1,132,676)	\$ \$	50,516 -	\$ \$	25,763,813 37,791,678
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	39,470,011	\$	(889,496)	\$	-	\$	38,580,515

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,905,189
Instructional Resources and Media Services	20,126
School Leadership	25,016
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,001
Health Services	8,950
Student (Pupil) Transportation	128,237
Food Services	1,549
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	203,620
General Administration	27,307
Plant Maintenance and Operations	5,723
Security	 1,672
Total	\$ 2,344,390

E. Long Term Obligations

Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable	\$ 35,783,051	\$-	\$ 3,043,899	\$ 32,739,152	\$ 783,503
Accreted Interest Payable	3,105,554	307,046	936,152	2,476,448	-
Unamortized Premium (Discount)	2,108,149	-	134,689	1,973,460	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 40,996,754	\$ 307,046	\$ 4,114,740	\$ 37,189,060	\$ 783,503

<u>Bonds</u>

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

B	Interest	Original	C	Dutstanding
Description	Rate	Amount		Balances
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 1999	4.70%	\$ 5,206,903	\$	539,392
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2006	3.85%	9,330,000		6,325,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2007	4.84%	22,891,011		4,314,760
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.24%	4,835,000		4,375,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	2.70%	8,560,000		8,350,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	3.21%	8,985,000		8,835,000
Totals			\$	32,739,152

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending						Total
August 31	Principal Interest		Interest	Requirements		
2017	\$	783,503	\$	1,810,705	\$	2,594,208
2018		876,283		1,711,317		2,587,600
2019		1,334,367		1,244,381		2,578,748
2020		1,240,000		1,337,503		2,577,503
2021		1,515,000		1,061,928		2,576,928
2022- 2026		6,679,999		6,269,508		12,949,507
2027- 2031		10,035,000		3,098,440		13,133,440
2032- 2036		8,230,000		1,283,625		9,513,625
2037- 2038		2,045,000		40,900		2,085,900
Totals	\$	32,739,152	\$	17,858,307	\$	50,597,459

F. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS's defined benefit pension plan operates primarily under the provision of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. TRS also administers proportional retirement benefits and service credit transfer under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Chapters 803 and 805, respectively. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas state legislature has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the pension plan and may, under certain circumstances, grant special authority to the TRS Board of Trustees. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report may be obtained by downloading the report from the TRS internet website, www.trs.texas.gov.

2. Benefits Provided

TRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems of Texas. Benefits are established or amended primarily under the authority of the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension's board of trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service and any age below 50 with 30 years of credited service. A member is fully vested after 5 years of creditable service and entitled to any benefit for which eligibility requirements have been met. The plan does not provide automatic cost of living adjustments (COLA's). Ad hoc post-employment benefits changes, including ad hoc COLA's can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

3. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws: (1) Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the system's actuary. As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

F. <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, when employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge. Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2015 and 2016. Contribution amounts are as follows:

			ntributions
		Requir	ed and Made
2016	Member (Employee)	\$	717,008
2015	Non-Employer Contributing Agency (State On Behalf)	\$	528,673
2016	District (Employer)	\$	264,615

Contribution rates for the plan fiscal year (September to August) 2015 and 2016 are as follows:

	Contribut Plan Fis	ion Rates cal Year	
	2015 2016		
Member (Employee)	6.7%	7.2%	
District (Employer)	6.8%	6.8%	
Non-Employer Contributing Agency (State On Behalf)	6.8%	6.8%	

4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,067,027
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	 6,309,383
Total	\$ 9,376,410

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At August 31, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.0086765% which was an increase of 0.0042441% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 898,986 and revenue of \$ 898,986 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2015, the District report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,228	\$	117,869	
Changes of actuarial assumptions		64,003		109,418	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		483,942		-	
Changes in proportion and differents between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		969,832		881	
Total	\$	1,533,005	\$	228,168	

At August 31, 2016, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Total Amounts per August 31, 2015 measurement date Contribution paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,533,005 264,615	\$	228,168 -	
Total Financial Statement Amounts	\$	1,797,620	\$	228,168	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Amount
2017	\$ 240,042
2018	240,042
2019	240,041
2020	330,509
2021	140,721
Thereafter	113,482

F. <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The active mortality rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 6 years for both males and females. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on client specific tables multiplied by 80%. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015. With the exception of the post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives and a minor change to the expected retirement age for inactive vested members stemming from the actuarial audit performed in the Summer of 2015, the assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation. When the mortality assumptions were adopted in 2015 they contained significant erosion of this margin to the point that the margin has been eliminated. Therefore, the post-retirement mortality rate for current and future retirees has decreased to add additional margin for future improvement in mortality in accordance with the Actuarial Standards Practice No. 35.

The following assumptions were applied to this measurement period:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Open
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	5 year Smoothed Market
Actuarial Assumption:	
Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return *	8.00%
Salary Increases *	3.50% to 9.50%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.50%

* Includes Inflation of 2.50%

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary new position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized on the next page:

F. <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

			Long-Term
	Target	Real Return	Expected Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Rate of Return *
	Allocation	Geometric Dasis	Nale of Neturn
Global Equity	18%	4 60/	1 00/
U.S.		4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectation			2.2%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

* The expected contribution to returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between artithmetic and geometric mean returns.

For the year ended August 31, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 16.9%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage point lower (7%) or 1 - percentage point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
District's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,805,454	\$ 3,067,027	\$ 1,619,026

F. <u>Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

8. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</u>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2015 and 2014.

Net Pension Liability		August 31, 2015	August 31, 2014			
Total Pension Liability	\$	163,887,375,172	\$	159,496,075,886		
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(128,538,706,212)		(132,779,243,085)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	35,348,668,960	\$	26,716,832,801		
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability		78.43%		83.25%		

G. <u>School District Retiree Health Plan</u>

1. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at www.trs.texas.gov, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

2. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203 and 204 establish state, active employee and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employees contributed amounts to the plan during the year. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapters 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. Contribution rates are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2016-2014.

	Contribution Rates								
_	Year Active Member State Dis								
	2016	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%					
	2015	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%					
	2014	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%					

G. <u>School District Retiree Health Plan (Continued)</u>

3. On Behalf Payments

In accordance with GASB Statement 24, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance," on-behalf payments (payments made by the State) of \$ 86,602 are reflected in the basic financial statements for Retiree Health Plan contributions. Additionally, the District benefited from payments made by the State totaling \$ 29,516 for subsidies for Medicare Part D and participation in the Early Retirement Reissuance Programs.

H. <u>Risk Management</u>

Health Care

During the year ended employees of the Canton Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 225 per month per employee and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to TRS Activecare (Aetna). The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Canton Independent School District and TRS Activecare (Aetna) is renewable December 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the year ended December 31, 2015, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the year ended the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Local Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2015, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Workers' Compensation

The District no longer participates in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund.

The District was partially self-funded for losses related to workers compensation claims. The District will be responsible for pool claims throughout the claim liability period of the pool. The balances remaining in the workers compensation self insurance fund are available for these pool claims as well as the claims of the District incurred prior to the purchase of commercial insurance. The following reflects the District's liability activities for its claims for the previous year and current year.

Η. **Risk Management (Continued)**

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in periods of 2016 and 2015 are represented below:

	 2016	2015			
Beginning Claims Liability	\$ 24,202	\$	27,215		
Claims Incurred (Reduced)	(3,832)		(1,862)		
Claim Payments	 (1,332)		(1,151)		
Ending Claims Liability	\$ 19,038	\$	24,202		

Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Ι. Litigation

The District does not appear to be involved in any litigation as of year end.

J. **Commitments and Contingencies**

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Κ. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Agreement	Fiscal Agent	Service

Block Grant

Region X Education Services Center

Title I Part A Title II Part A Title III Part A **Carl Perkins Grant**

L. <u>Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources</u>

During the year ended the District received revenue from local and intermediate sources consisting of the following:

				Debt		Other		
		General		Service	Governmental			Totals
Property Tax Collections	\$	6,455,053	\$	2,668,912	\$	-	\$	9,123,965
Investment Income		40,488		2,745		5,504		48,737
Rent		7,887		-		-		7,887
Food Service Income		-		-		242,080		242,080
Gifts and Bequests		5,500		-		42,854		48,354
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		71,501		-		271,748		343,249
Tuition and Fees		24,025		-		-		24,025
Miscellaneous		32,707		-		-		32,707
Tatala	¢	6 607 464	¢	0.674.657	¢	ECO 490	¢	0.074.004
Totals	\$	6,637,161	\$	2,671,657	\$	562,186	\$	9,871,004

M. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at year end for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

				Debt	Other			
		General		Service Go		Governmental		Totals
Due from Other Governments	\$	801,565	\$	-	\$	100,315	\$	901,880
Property Taxes Receivable	Ψ	345,810	Ψ	141,442	Ψ	-	Ψ	487,252
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible								
Property Taxes		(34,581)		(14,144)		-		(48,725)
Other Receivables		48,012		16,680		-		64,692
Net Receivables	\$	1,160,806	\$	143,978	\$	100,315	\$	1,405,099

N. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events through November 14, 2016, the date which the financial statements were available for use.

O. Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of year end, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
Agency Fund	General Fund	\$	1,136		

Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfer to and from other funds during the year ended, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Reason		
General Fund	Debt Service	\$	700,000	Debt Retirement

P. <u>State Aid Reconciliation</u>

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciliating the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settleup with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	Available		F	oundation	 IFA	EDA	
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) Prior Year Settle Ups August Instructional Days Change	\$	354,559 - 46,131	\$	8,526,609 (41,402) 312,540	\$ 61,465 (40,586) (660)	\$	304,827 (5,140) (3,033)
Financial Statement Earnings	\$	400,690	\$	8,797,747	\$ 20,219	\$	296,654
Financial Statement Amounts SOF Receivable (Overpayment) August Instructional Days Receivable		- 57,887		276,192 588,732	- 660		- (4,567)

* Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

Q. <u>Change in Accounting Principles</u>

In fiscal year 2016, the District adopted three new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application
- Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Government
- Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*
- a) Statement No. 72 requires state and local governments to measure investments at fair value using a consistent definition and valuation techniques; also defines what assets and liabilities governments should measure at fair value and expands fair value disclosures in financial disclosure notes. While the Statement generally requires restatement of prior period balances in the year of implementation, the nature of the District's investments was such that their carrying amount was not affected.
- b) The GAAP hierarchy prioritizes guidance governments follow when preparing U.S. GAAP financial statements. Statement No. 76 reduces authoritative GAAP hierarchy from four categories to two and lists the order of priority for pronouncements to which a government should look for guidance.
- c) Statement No. 77 requires governments granting tax abatements to individuals and businesses to disclose program information in the notes to the financial statements through the agreement's duration and also requires disclosures about tax abatements entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenue. Prior year balances were not restated because there are no tax abatements associated with the District or any other government which affect the District's tax revenue.

R. <u>Restatements</u>

The beginning net position was increased to reflect a reduction in accreted interest payable at the beginning of the year. The District refunded outstanding debt in the prior year and reduced the bonds outstanding. However, the accreted interest related to the debt was not reduced. This restatement corrects this error from the prior year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	YEAR E	NDED	AUGUST 31, 2	2016				. /		
Data									riance with nal Budget	
	Control		Budgeted Amounts					Positive		
Code	S		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES									
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	6,601,364	\$	6,601,364	\$	6,637,161	\$	35,797	
	State Program Revenues		8,714,489		9,172,489		9,873,867		701,378	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		175,000		175,000		209,750		34,750	
5020	Total Revenues	\$	15,490,853	\$	15,948,853	\$	16,720,778	\$	771,925	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:									
0011	Instruction	\$	9,092,426	\$	9,603,858	\$	8,965,748	\$	638,110	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		233,890		233,890		230,175		3,715	
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		53,020		57,060		55,118		1,942	
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$	9,379,336	\$	9,894,808	\$	9,251,041	\$	643,767	
	Instructional and School Leadership:									
	Instructional Leadership	\$		\$	160,713	\$	142,404	\$	18,309	
0023	School Leadership		807,448	_	807,448	_	801,688		5,760	
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$	968,161	\$	968,161	\$	944,092	\$	24,069	
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):									
	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$,	\$	436,745	\$	423,789	\$	12,956	
	Social Work Services		29,926		29,926		25,255		4,671	
	Health Services		157,040		157,040		137,111		19,929	
	Student (Pupil) Transportation		609,203		609,203		338,490		270,713	
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	¢	853,548	¢	898,548	¢	851,024	¢	47,524	
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	2,086,462	\$	2,131,462	\$	1,775,669	\$	355,793	
	Administrative Support Services:									
0041	General Administration			\$	576,260	\$	539,177	\$	37,083	
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	576,260	\$	576,260	\$	539,177	\$	37,083	
0054	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:	¢	4 040 777	¢	4 70 4 777	۴	4 050 074	¢	54.000	
	Plant Maintenance and Operations	\$, ,	\$	1,704,777	\$	1,652,974	\$	51,803	
	Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services		47,051 203,755		47,051 238,283		29,913 188,203		17,138 50,080	
0055	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$		\$	1,990,111	\$	1,871,090	\$	119,021	
			1,001,000		1,000,111		1,011,000		110,021	
0081	Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay	\$	398,861	\$	1,941,653	\$	1,026,769	\$	914,884	
0001	Total Capital Outlay	\$		\$	1,941,653	\$	1,026,769	\$	914,884	
					.,	_	.,		,	
0000	Intergovernmental Charges:	¢	214 100	¢	214 100	¢	010 705	¢	1 405	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$ \$		\$	<u>214,190</u> 214,190	<u>\$</u> \$	212,785 212,785	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>1,405</u> 1,405	
6030	Total Expenditures	<u> </u>			17,716,645		15,620,623	<u> </u>	2,096,022	
		ψ	13,490,833	_Ψ	17,710,045	_ψ	13,020,023	_Ψ_	2,090,022	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(1,767,792)	\$	1,100,155	\$	2,867,947	
					(',' '' '',' ''')	<u>+</u>	.,			
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	419	\$	419	
8911	Transfers Out		-		(700,000)		(700,000)		-	
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	(700,000)	\$	(699,581)	\$	419	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(2,467,792)		400,574		2,868,366	
0100	-		9,280,614	_	9,280,614	_	9,280,614			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$		\$	6,812,822	\$	9,681,188	\$	2,868,366	
	0 (, -,-	<u>,</u>	, ,-	<u> </u>	, ,	<u> </u>	, ,	

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0086765%	0.0044324%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,067,027	\$ 1,183,956
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	6,309,383	5,202,426
Total	\$ 9,376,410	\$ 6,386,382
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 9,662,998	\$ 8,836,421
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	31.74%	13.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2016		 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	264,615	\$ 249,695
Contributions in relations to the contractual			
required contributions		(264,615)	 (249,695)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -
District's covered employee payroll	\$	9,958,428	\$ 9,662,998
Contributions as a percentage of covered		2.66%	2.58%
employee payroll			

GASB Statement 68, paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2014 - August 31, 2015.

Note: Only two years of date is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Changes of Assumptions

Economic Assumptions

- a) The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- b) The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- c) In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the servicebased promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- d) The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

A. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Assumptions

- a) The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- b) The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- c) The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

- d) Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- e) There were adjustments to the termination patters for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- f) Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- g) Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- h) For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

 The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

B. <u>Changes of Benefit Terms</u>

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Exhibit J-1 (Page 1 of 1)

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

		1	2	3	10	20 30		30a 40		40	50						
Tax		Tax R	ates	Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current					Entire	Ending					
Roll	Last Ten Years Endeo	b	Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's	Maintena	ance	Debt S	ervice	Year's	Balance					
Year	August 31	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	9/1/2015	Total Levy	Tax Colle	Tax Collections		Tax Collections		Tax Collections		ections	Adjustments	8/31	1/2016
XXXX	2007 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$ 13,271	\$	- \$	3,993	\$	581	\$ 180	\$	8,877				
2007	2008	1.040000	0.431000	541,147,859	5,275		-	869		360	-		4,046				
2008	2009	1.040000	0.431000	572,939,973	10,819		-	1,151		477	-		9,191				
2009	2010	1.040000	0.431000	601,881,033	22,069		-	1,968		816	8		19,293				
2010	2011	1.040000	0.431000	596,685,244	30,349		-	2,623		1,087	(118)		26,521				
2011	2012	1.040000	0.431000	596,246,865	38,990		-	4,388		1,819	(443)		32,340				
2012	2013	1.040000	0.431000	596,788,980	48,372		-	6,745		2,795	(54)		38,778				
2013	2014	1.040000	0.431000	602,807,886	86,456		- 1	9,809		8,209	317		58,755				
2014	2015	1.040000	0.431000	621,060,822	188,328		- 5	4,712		22,674	(3,009)		107,933				
2015	2016	1.040000	0.431000	619,753,886	-	9,116,58	0 6,28	3,479	2,6	604,019	(47,563)		181,519				
1000	TOTALS			=	\$ 443,929	\$ 9,116,58	0\$6,37	9,737	\$ 2,0	642,837	\$ (50,682)	\$	487,253				

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data									iance with al Budget	
Contro	Control		Budgeted	d Amou	unts			F	Positive	
Codes			Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
	REVENUES									
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	250,591	\$	250,591	\$	242,182	\$	(8,409)	
5800	State Program Revenues		3,540		3,540		6,278		2,738	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		438,090		508,090		489,934		(18,156)	
5020	Total Revenues	\$	692,221	\$	762,221	\$	738,394	\$	(23,827)	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):	•		•	704 004	•	740.074	•	04.050	
0035	Food Services	\$	692,221	\$	784,221	\$	749,971	\$	34,250	
	Total Support Service - Student (Pupil)	\$	692,221	\$	784,221	\$	749,971	\$	34,250	
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	692,221	\$	784,221	\$	749,971	\$	34,250	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
	Over Expenditures	\$		\$	(22,000)	\$	(11,577)	\$	10,423	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(22,000)	\$	(11,577)	\$	10,423	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)		53,324		53,324		53,324			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$	53,324	\$	31,324	\$	41,747	\$	10,423	

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Contro	ol	Budgeted	Amounts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
Codes	6	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,751,252	\$ 2,751,252	\$ 2,671,657	\$	(79,595)	
5800	State Program Revenues	256,731	256,731	316,874		60,143	
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 3,007,983	\$ 3,007,983	\$ 2,988,531	\$	(19,452)	
	EXPENDITURES						
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$ 1,145,096	\$ 3,045,096	\$ 3,043,899	\$	1,197	
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	1,858,887	1,858,887	1,815,119		43,768	
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees	4,000	4,000	4,135		(135)	
	Total Debt Service	\$ 3,007,983	\$ 4,907,983	\$ 4,863,153	\$	44,830	
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,007,983	\$ 4,907,983	\$ 4,863,153	\$	44,830	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
	Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (1,900,000)	\$ (1,874,622)	\$	25,378	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7915	Transfers In	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$	-	
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$	-	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$-	\$ (1,200,000)	\$ (1,174,622)	\$	25,378	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)	1,528,865	1,528,865	1,528,865			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$ 1,528,865	\$ 328,865	\$ 354,243	\$	25,378	

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes		Re	sponse
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other Sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt Agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the annual Financial Report on the Financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material Weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance For local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more Than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial Statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	2,476,449
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-0-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	3,067,027
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	898,986

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

(01) Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	(02) Federal CFDA	(02A) Pass-Through Grantor Identifying	-	(03) Federal
Program Title	Number	Number	Ex	penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:				
IDEA - B Formula (B) *	84.027	156600012349026600	\$	600
IDEA - B Formula (B) *	84.027	166600012349026600	•	362,447
IDEA - B Formula (B) *	84.027	176600012349026600		23,527
IDEA - B Preschool (B) *	84.173	156610012349026610		1,397
IDEA - B Preschool (B) *	84.173	166610012349026610		3,344
IDEA - B Preschool (B) *	84.173	176610012349026610		426
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	17610101234902		16,762
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			\$	408,503
Passed through Education Service Center, Region X				
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	15610101057950		10,335
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	16610101057950		146,597
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367	16694501057950		57,999
ESEA Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365	15671001057950		4,115
Total passed through Education Service Center, Region X			\$	219,046
Total Department of Education			\$	627,549
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Desced through the Taylog Department of Agriculture:				
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:				
School Breakfast Program (A)	10.553	0600	\$	88,530
National School Lunch Program (A)	10.555	0600		313,918
USDA Food Distribution	10.550	234002A		87,486
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	489,934
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,117,483
* Denotes Major Program				
A Ohild Notelling Observe				

A - Child Nutrition Cluster

B - Special Education Cluster

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Canton Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

B. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at year end.

C. <u>Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements</u>

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 1,117,483
School Health and Related Services	 209,750
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 1,327,233